Engaging with Archaeology In Boulder County and Beyond





Presented by the Indian Peaks Chapter of the Colorado Archaeology Society



Introduction

IPCAS and the Colorado Archaeological Society

A non-profit organization committed to the stewardship of archaeological resources in Colorado through public education, research, conservation, and enhanced opportunities for responsible participation in archaeology for interested individuals and organizations.

Allison Kerns is the Outreach Board Member for IPCAS, and a professional archaeologist with a specialty in public outreach and Landscape Archaeology.

Chris Kerns is the
Communications Board Member
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British Neolithic Archaeology,
Landscape Archaeology, and
Public Engagement.





What is Archaeology?





...is anything created by people that is 50 years old, or more.



...is the study of material culture in space and time.

Archaeology?

...is the study of people through the things that they leave behind.

"...is the search for fact, not truth...So, forget about any ideas you've got about lost cities, exotic travel, and digging up the world/ We do not follow maps to buried treasure, and X never, ever marks the spot. - Indian Jones and the Last Crusade





Archaeology of Boulder County





Main Cultural Period	Sub-Period	Date Range
Paleoindian	Pre- Clovis?	Pre 12,000 BC
	Clovis	12,000 to 11,000 BC
	Folsom	11,000 to 10, 000 BC
	Plano	10,000 to 8,800 BC
Archaic	Early Archaic	8000 to 5000 BC
	Middle Archaic	5000 to 2500 BC
	Late Archaic	2500 BC to 150 AD
Late Prehistoric	Early	150 AD to 1150 AD
	Middle	AD 1150 to AD 1650
Protohistoric		AD 1650 to AD 1800
Historic	Early Historic	AD 1800 to 1842
	Pre-Territorial	AD 1842 to 1868
	Territorial	AD 1868 to 1890
	Expansion	AD 1890 to 1920
	Depression	AD 1920 to 1939
	Modern	AD 1939 to Present



The Mahaffy Cache

- Clovis Tool Cache at least 13,000 years old (11,000 BC)
- Named after Boulder resident and landowner Patrick
 Mahaffy
- Consists of 83 stone implements
- Discovered 2008 by
 Brant Turney,
 working as a
 landscaper, packed
 tightly in a hole about
 the size of a shoebox
- Stone used for tools from as far away as Utah
- On display at the CU Museum





Rock Creek & Zaharias Sites

Owned by Boulder County Parks and Open Space



ROCK CREEK SITE

- Archaic through Ceramic Period Site
- Excavated 1990-1993 by IPCAS
- Consists of fire pits, chipped and ground stone tools, bone tools, ceramics, plant remains, animal remains

ZAHARIAS SITE

- Discovered 2008 eroding out of the creek bank
- Identified as a specialized game-processing site from the Early Ceramic Period
- Processed bison, elk, deer, and pronghorn



- Ubiquitous within the Indian Peaks area of the County
- Albion Cultural
 Complex named
 after a site
 associated with
 game processing
 (Near Mount Albion)
- Known about since 1930s
- Famous in Rocky
 Mountain National

 Park

High Altitude Archaeology & Game Drives





Ramey Barn

Boulder County Parks and Open Space



- Dated using "dendrochronology" to 1860-1870s
- Prehistoric artifacts found on site as well

- One of the oldest still standing homesteads in the County
- Damaged during 2013 Flood Event

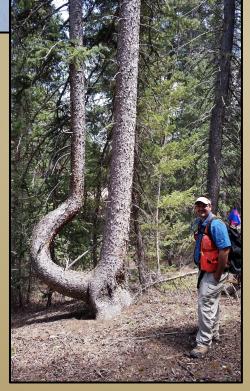




Common Prehistoric Artifacts & Features











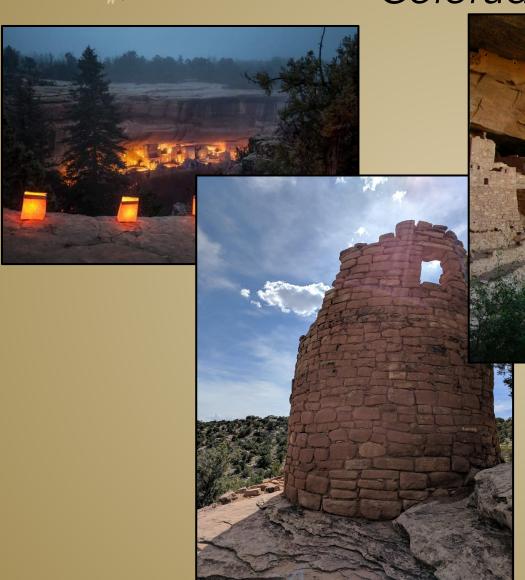


Common Historic Artifacts & Features

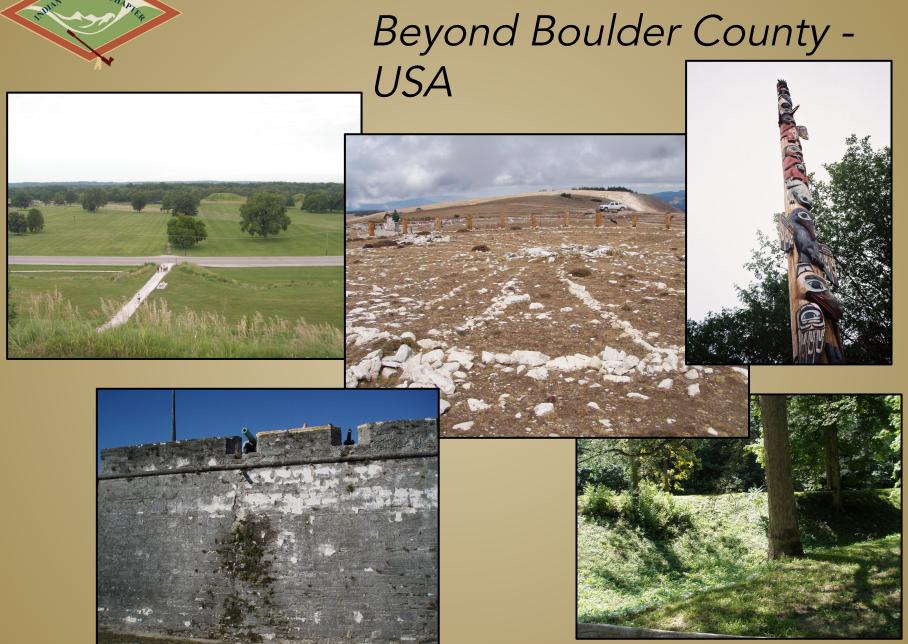




Beyond Boulder County -Colorado









Beyond Boulder County -International





Who is An Archaeologist?

ARCHAEOLOGISTS



what my friends think i do



what my mom thinks i do



what society thinks i do



what video games think i



what i think i do



what i'm actually doing

- Work for a Cultural Resource Management or Environmental Resources company. (Majority)
- Work for a government agency managing archaeological resources on public lands, or informing public policy.
- Work for a university or museum.
- Work for a museum as a curator.
- Work at permanent archaeological sites.
- May, or may not, have a degree in archaeology.
- All archaeologists are scientists.

An Archaeologist is Not...



- ...An adventurer, a grave robber, a tomb raider... we really do spend most of our time behind a computer, or "in the library."
- ... A paleontologist. We do not dig up dinosaurs. (Though archaeology and paleontology have a lot in common.)
- ...A member of law enforcement, or some sort of secret police. An archaeologist will not take your land.
- ... A member of some secret society determined to hide interesting discoveries.



Who Can Participate in Archaeology?

EVERYONE

... And anyone, who is interested, and willing to show respect for past peoples, their cultures, and the things that they have left behind.



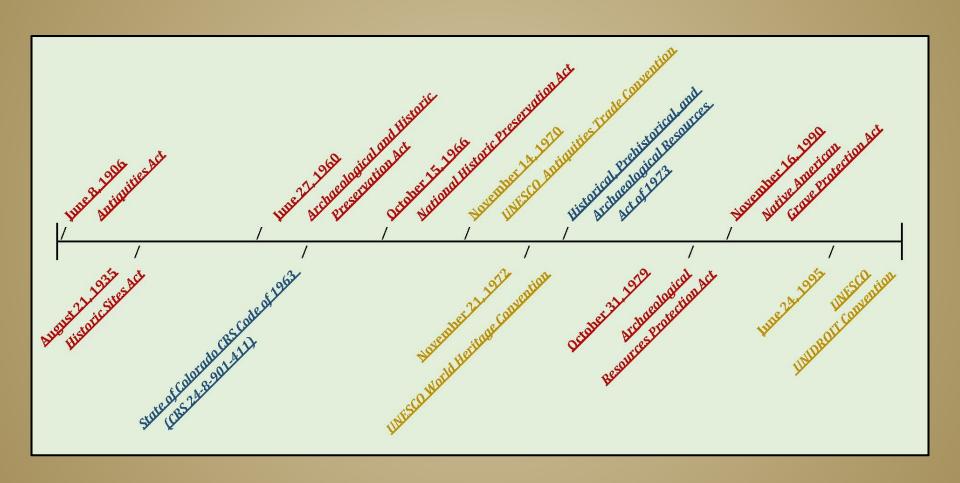




Archaeology is a tangible way to connect with the past of your community, your country, your culture, and the human race. All that you need to be a responsible steward of the past is respect, an open mind, and knowledge of a few rules...

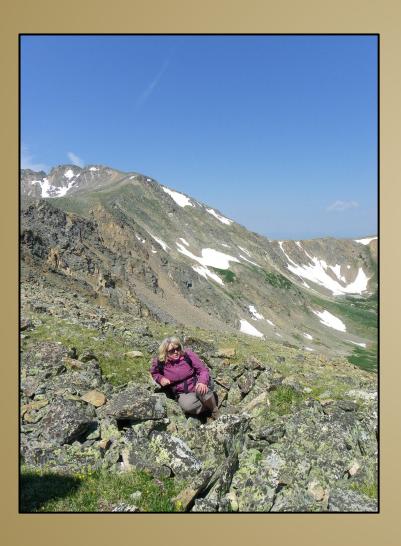


How Archaeology is Protected





Archaeology on Public Lands



ENJOY IT by...

- Visiting
- Learning something
- Using your imagination
- Obeying any instructions
- Taking photos

Just like other resources on public lands it is being held in trust for you, for others, and for future generations.

Do Not...

- Pick it up
- Move it
- Vandalise it
- Climb on it if instructed not to

It is illegal to remove an archaeological artifact (or a fossil) from public land.



Archaeology on Private Lands

Show the same respect you would for someone else's property in any other circumstance.

- Arcaeology on private land is controlled by the land owner.
- Do not tresspass in order to visit an archaeological site.
- Do not remove artifacts without the land owner's express permission.





Don't Do This.



Respect, Protect, and Leave No Trace

If you are unsure what you should do, your best option is always to leave things as you found them.

Take a look at the Leave No Trace Seven Principles:

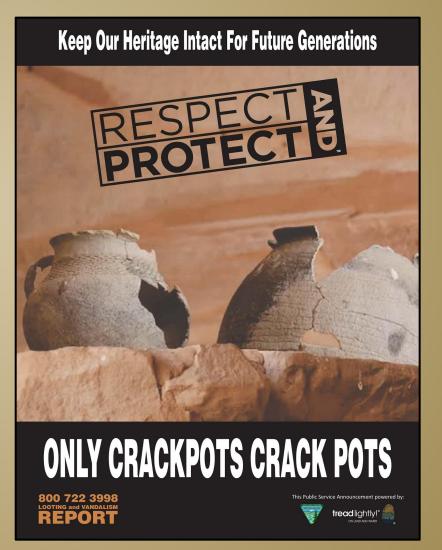
https://lnt.org/learn/7-principles

These principles apply to archaeology too!

Check out the BLM and Tread Lightly's Respect and Protect campaign and resources:

https://www.treadlightly.org/programs/respe
ct-and-protect/

This campaign is specific to Utah, but the principals apply everywhere.





Collecting, Metal Detecting, and Other Related Activities

Are illegal on all public lands!

Collecting archaeological artifacts without permission, on public or private land, is looting.

Collecting is not illegal on private land, as long as you have permission from the land owner.

However, where an archaeological artifact is found is what gives archaeologists most of the important information about the artifact, and informs future research. When you remove an artifact from its location without recording certain information, you destroy much of the artifact's informational value.

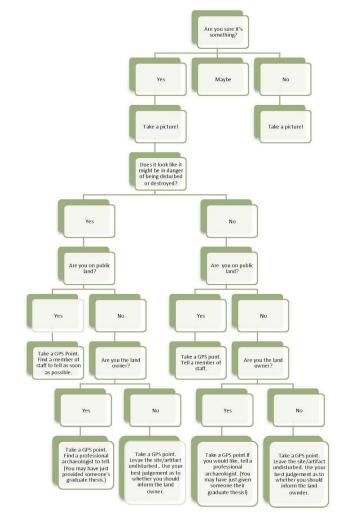
If you are collecting on private land, with permission, here are things you can do to preserve the informational value of the artifacts.

- Record its location using a GPS. (You can get free GPS apps for your smart phone! We suggest Polaris GPS.)
- Take photos of the landscape where you found the it.
- Make sure you keep this information with the artifact it relates to.



If You Think You Have Found Something...







Who To Contact

Local University
CU Boulder

State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO)

Media, Collectors, Craig's List, Bloggers Local Societies (IPCAS)

Cultural Resource Management Firm

Owner/Agency (NPS, USFS, County, City) National Society (SAA, AIA)



Be An Involved Archaeological Steward By... Being A Tourist

There are wonderful archaeological sites in Colorado, the US, and Internationally that are open to the public.

Become familiar with the archaeology in your own backyard (Colorado) by visiting:

- Mesa Verde National Monument
- Hovenweep National Monument
- Canyon of the Ancients
- Crow Canyon Archaeological Center
- Anasazi Heritage Center
- Falls Creek Archaeological Area
- Bent's Old Fort National Historic Site

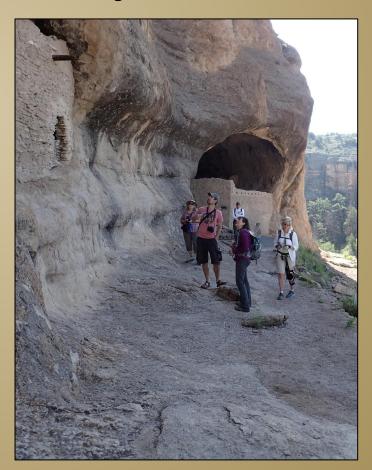
In the US...

- Cahokia Mounds
- Chaco Canyon
- Poverty Point National Monument
- Hopewell Culture National Historical Park

In North America...

- Chichen Itza
- L'Anse Aux Meadows
- Tulum

IPCAS organizes field trips for its members every year, to go and visit archaeological sites within Colorado.





Be An Involved Archaeological Steward By... Going to Lectures

IPCAS hosts a lecture series:

- Second Thursday of every month, From September through May.
- 7:00pm
- CU Museum of Natural History

IPCAS also published a monthly list of archaeology related lectures and events, available through our newsletter and e-mail list.

Other Lectures and Events...

- The Denver CAS chapter hosts lectures at the Denver Museum of Nature and Science
- The Archaeological Institute of America Boulder Chapter hosts a lecture series at the CU Museum of Natural History



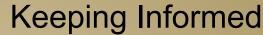
Upcoming IPCAS Lecture...

September 14
7:00 pm
CU Museum of Natural History
Jessica Hedgepeth Balkin

Jessica is a recipient of the CAS Alice Hamilton Scholarship and a doctoral student at CU Boulder. She will be presenting on her research in Oaxaca, Mexico.



Be An Involved Archaeological Steward By...

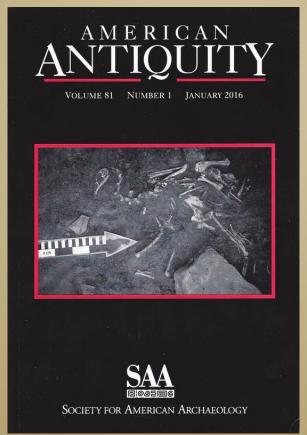




Westerndigs.org









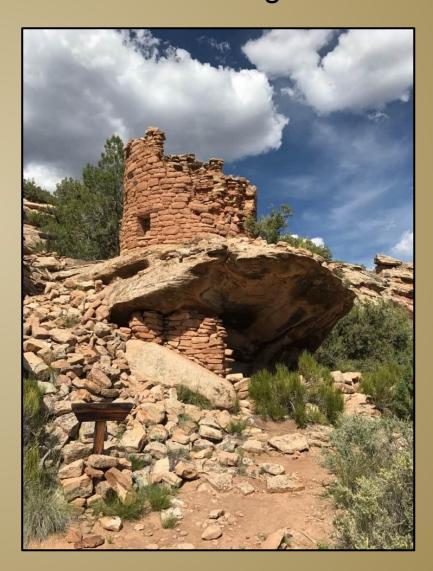




Be An Involved Archaeological Steward By... Donating

Many Archaeological Sites, and Archaeological Organizations could use your help.

- If you have a favorite archaeology focused
 National Park or Monument, consider donating to their friends group.
- Donate to archaeology Scholarship funds, such as the Alice Hamilton Scholarship Fund, Ward Weakly Scholarship Fund, or CCPA Native American Scholarship Fund
- Donate to archaeological societies doing work that you think is important, or to funds for specific archaeological projects.
- Become a member of organizations or societies that interest you. Your membership fees help support the society and their goals, just like a donation.
- Or donate your time by...





Be An Involved Archaeological Steward By... Volunteering

There are many activities you can take part in that support, or are related to archaeology:

- Become a board member of a local society
- Volunteer at a local museum
- Volunteer to help out in an archaeological lab, working with artifacts
- Volunteer to assist on an archaeological survey
- Volunteer to assist on an archaeological excavation

You can also volunteer through:

Paleocultural Research Group (PCRG) www.paleocultural.org

IPCAS's events calendar also lists opportunities to volunteer, and IPCAS publishes new volunteer opportunities in the monthly newsletter. We're always looking for new and exciting opportunities for our members.





Be An Involved Archaeological Steward By... Taking A Class

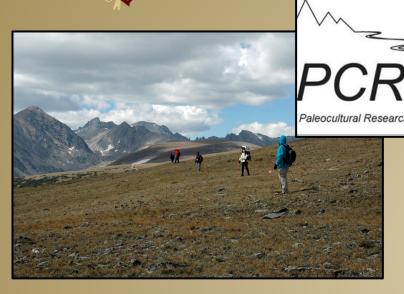
University isn't the only option for learning about archaeology.

CAS offers a series of classes, called the Program for Avocational Archaeological Certification (PAAC). PAAC classes allow you to gain formally recognized experience and skills in archaeology.

Occasionally there are other archaeology class oportunities as well. These are published in the IPCAS newsletter.

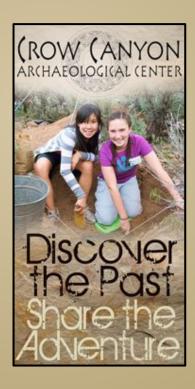


Who Can Help You Get Involved?















The Indian Peaks Chapter of the Colorado Archaeological Society



- Volunteer Opportunities (including sitting on the board)
- Great Social events (Holiday Party)
- Avocational Classes Offered
- Chance to work with local and international archaeologists

- Memberships ranging \$14-33 per annum
- Annual Field Trips
- Local Day Trips
- Monthly Lectures and Newsletter(Sept May)





Thank You!

IPCAS website: http://www.indianpeaksarchaeology.org



www.facebook.com/IndianPeaksArchaeology



@IndianPeaksCAS

Contact US:

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Any Questions?